adit levels. The change of colour in Llydaw explains the colour of Glaslyn, about the cause of which there has hitherto been some doubt, for it must now be obvious that Glaslyn owes its green colour to the detritus of green rock washed into t from the adit levels of the mine.

J. R. DAKYNS.

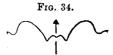
PEN-Y-GWRYD, Nov. 14, 1899.

CATALOGUE OF THE FOSSIL CEPHALOPODA IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY), PART III: A CORRECTION.

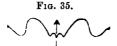
SIR,—The woodblocks used in illustrating Part iii of the "Catalogue of the Fossil Cephalopoda in the British Museum (Natural History)," by Dr. A. H. Foord and myself, have just passed through my hands, and on comparing them with the figures in the book I find that there has been a very unfortunate transposition of the figures of the suture-lines of some of the species of Gephyroceras. The blocks themselves are numbered correctly, but owing to a printer's error they do not appear in their proper places in the volume. The following corrections are necessary:—For Fig. 3s (suture-line of Gephyroceras affine) see Fig. 34; for Fig. 34 (suture-line of Gephyroceras calculiforme) see Fig. 36; for Fig. 35 (suture-line of Gephyroceras aquabile) see Fig. 33; and for Fig. 36 (suture-line of Gephyroceras serratum) see Fig. 35. These four figures, then, with their descriptions, should have been as follows:—



Suture-line of Gephyroceras affine (Steininger). Copied from Holzapfel and completed.



Suture-line of Gephyroceras calculiforme (Beyrich), enlarged. After Sandberger.



Suture-line of Gephyroceras æquabile (Beyrich). After Sandberger.

Fig. 36.



Suture-line of Gephyroceras serratum (Steininger). After Sandberger.

GEO. C. CRICK.

BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY).

December 22, 1899.