A BV PHOTOMETRIC STUDY OF STAR CLUSTERS IN TWO SELECTED REGIONS OF THE SMC.

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We are deriving BV color-magnitude diagrams of star clusters in two selected regions in the SMC. These zones, characterized by the presence of a high density of star clusters, are centered at the 1981 coordinates for region 1: (RA: 1^{h} 10.33, Dec -73°08'), and for region 2: (RA: 1^{h} 0.33, Dec -73°00'). See Figure 1 for their identification relative to the SMC.

For region 1, some of the most conspicuous clusters are: NGC 376, NGC 416, NGC 419, NGC 456, NGC 460 and NGC 465. For region 2: NGC 290, NGC 292, NGC 294, NGC 299, NGC 306, NGC 330, NGC 346, NGC 376, NGC 416 and NGC 419.

Large size photographic plates (20 x 20 inches) have been obtained with the 2.5 m du Pont telescope at Las Campanas. They cover an area of 1°.5 x 1°.5, have a plate scale of 10.8 arc sec mm⁻¹, and have been taken with a Pickering-Racine wedge ($\Delta m \sim 5.1 \text{ mag}$). The plates are now being calibrated with electronographic sequences (Walker 1972), as well as with other existing photoelectric sequences.

Reference

Walker, M. F.: 1972, Mon. Not. Roy. Astron. Soc. 159, p. 379.

Figure 1. Identification chart of the SMC clusters studied (next page)

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S. van den Bergh and K. S. de Boer (eds.), Structure and Evolution of the Magellanic Clouds, 51-52. \odot 1984 by the IAU.



Figure 1.