

## CORRESPONDENCE

### *Annuities-certain at linearly decreasing rates of interest*

The Editor,  
*The Journal of the Institute of  
Actuaries Students' Society*

13 May 1948

Sir,

With reference to the article appearing under my name headed 'Annuities-certain at linearly decreasing rates of interest' in Vol. VII (1948), p. 253, an error has unfortunately been introduced into the heading of the second annuity column. This is not  $a_{\overline{n}|}$  but  $a_{\overline{n}|}$  divided by the appropriate value of  $[1 + \cdot 08175(n^2 - 1)h]$ .

It may be of interest to members to observe that since this note went into print a similar investigation has been carried out for  $s_{\overline{n+1}|} - 1$ , and I find that exactly the same empirical formula gives equally good results for that function.

With  $v'^n$  obtained by differencing the values of  $a'_{\overline{n}|}$  we therefore have available a fairly simple method of (a) calculating Sinking Fund premiums based on a combination of an interest rate  $i$  and a form of probability that such rate will be realized in year  $t$ ; and (b) carrying out a prospective valuation of Sinking Fund business on the same basis, allowing in successive valuations automatically for the rate  $i$  having actually been realized in the intervaluation periods.

Finally, I would add that it is recognized that the best results for different values of  $i$  and  $h$  are given by varying slightly the factor  $\cdot 08175$ . This value, however, was selected as it appeared on a broad basis to give the most satisfactory general results, and the extent of the percentage error introduced over a period of even 100 years is such that variation of  $\cdot 08175$  is not likely to be really worth while.

Yours faithfully,

E. M. THOMAS