

Sometimes cases of diphtheria occur in which, notwithstanding weeks of energetic treatment, the bacilli cannot be destroyed; and although such cases have been discharged, no new cases have been known to result from them.

The writer concludes: (1) Is scarlet fever antidotal to diphtheria? The answer appears to be in the affirmative; (2) Does not diphtheria aggravate scarlet fever? The answer again is yes; (3) Is the difference in the two diseases due to the evolvment of a soluble toxin by the Klebs-Loeffler bacillus? The last question he does not answer.

*Price Brown.*

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### PHARYNX.

**Teague, R. J.** (Roxboro', N.C.).—*Adenoids in Children; A Plea for Early Recognition and Treatment.* "Charlotte Medical Journal," October, 1904.

The paper discusses the etiology, symptoms, diagnosis, and treatment of adenoids. The author considers the "lymphatic diathesis" to be responsible for most cases of adenoids and that adenoids in adults is more frequently met with than is generally supposed. He thinks the only treatment worthy of the name is early, thorough, and complete removal, before the chronic pathological processes in the adenoid and surrounding tissues have commenced.

*Macleod Yearsley.*

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### NOSE AND ACCESSORY SINUSES.

**Cossen.**—*Foreign Body in the Nasal Fossa.* "Rev. Hebdom.," August 27, 1904.

Record of a case in which a large calcareous mass was removed by operation. The foreign body had been in for more than forty years, giving rise to suppurating discharge. The body was completely encrusted with lime salts. The patient made a good recovery.

*Albert A. Gray.*

**Axenfeld, Theo.** (Freiburg).—*A Contribution to the Pathology and Treatment of Frontal and Ethmoidal Sinusitis and their Orbital Complications.* "Charlotte Medical Journal," October, 1904.

The paper deals with the nasal origin of orbital inflammation and narrates cases bearing upon the subject, those due to ethmoidal disease chiefly occupying the author's attention, and he discusses the question of the condition of the frontal sinus in such cases.

*Macleod Yearsley.*

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### LARYNX.

**Broeckaert.**—*Investigation Relating to the Arteries of the Larynx.* "Rev. Hebdom.," September 24, 1904.

After a very careful injection with vermilion the author made an exhaustive investigation into the mode of termination of the smallest branches,