P01-01 - WHAT ARE THE NEWER OPTION FOR TREATING ACUTE BIPOLAR DEPRESSION

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Introduction: Bipoler Depression in it's acute psase is a very distressing state for the suffering patient & a chalanging job for the Psychaitrist to treat to alliavete in a reasonable period of time.

In acute state Bipolar patients, mostly women in their middle age, moderately overweighted often presents with a crying state or even with potent suicidal ideation that continue to go on inspite of treatment with pharmacological treatments.

Aims: Here is an attempt to search for a remedy to these set of patients.

Methods: 72 acutely ill Bipolar depressed patient were assigned with 3 treatment regimens, after their diagnosis was confirmed on the criteria of DSM-4 TR.

There age group were 46 to 58 years with a median age 52 years. There were 12 lst episode depressive phase and 60 patients both male 24 & women 36 are recurrent sufferers. The Study was conducted in the O.P.D patiends attending Calcutta Pavlov Hospital during 2008-09.

1st. group receive only Fluoxotine & olanzapin combination for 6 weeks.

2nd group recieve FLuox+Olanzapin +lithium carbonate in 900 mg/day dose.

3rd group recieve Lith. carobonate+Olz.+fluoxotine +Lamotrigine in 25-50mg/d.

The 1st group with a combo of olanzapin+Fluoxotine were the least responsive.

They were evaluated in the Psychologist table usinng ASPER-Montigegmy Depression rating scale.

Results: Allthe groups shows improvement in different items of the scale.

3rd group using a tripple drug Combo therapy do the best.

Conclusions: Is a poly combo drug therapy or E.C.T or +Psychotherapy combo a best answeer to these critically depressed BPD patients.