CORRIGENDUM

Green tea and coffee consumption is inversely associated with depressive symptoms in a Japanese working population – CORRIGENDUM

Ngoc Minh Pham, Akiko Nanri, Kayo Kurotani, Keisuke Kuwahara, Ayami Kume, Masao Sato, Hitomi Hayabuchi and Tetsuya Mizoue

First published online 9 July 2013

doi: 10.1017/S1368980013000360, published online by Cambridge University Press 4 March 2013

The authors would like to amend an incorrect figure given in table 1: Participants' characteristics according to green tea and coffee consumption: men and women (n 537) aged 20–68 years from two workplaces in north-eastern Kyushu, Japan, 2009

In the column Green tea consumption: ≥ 4 cups/d (n 97). The % value for Physical activity (≥ 5 MET-h/week)§ should be corrected to $37 \cdot 1$ rather than $3 \cdot 0$

Reference

Pham NM, Nanri A, Kurotani K, Kuwahara K, Kume A, Sato M, Hayabuchi H & Mizoue T (2013) Green tea and coffee consumption is inversely associated with depressive symptoms in a Japanese working population. *Public Health Nutrition*, published online 4 March 2013, doi:10.1017/S1368980013000360.