

Monitoring green sea turtles in Brazilian feeding areas: relating body condition index to fibropapillomatosis prevalence—CORRIGENDUM

Corrigendum

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The authors apologize that within the above article, Rossi *et al.* (2019), the captions for Figures 1 and 2 were transposed. Please see the correct image captions below.

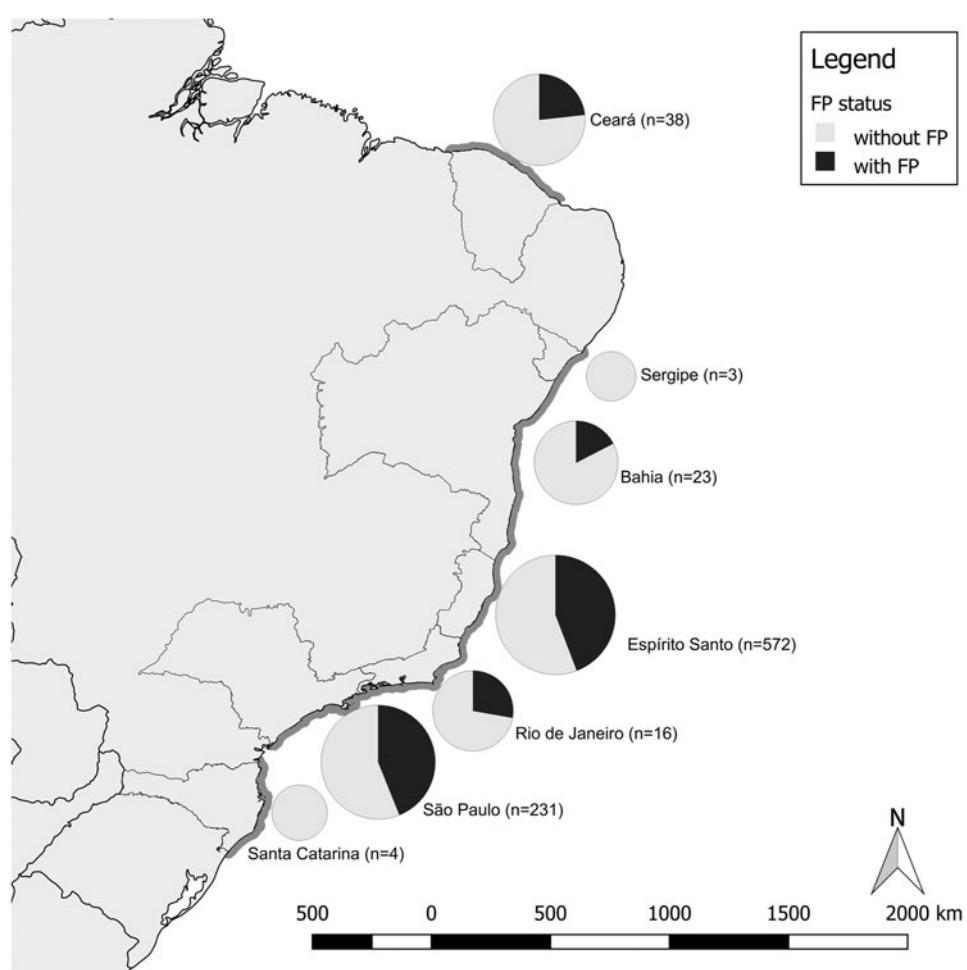


Fig. 1. Geographic distribution of study area. In parentheses: total number of green turtles per state.

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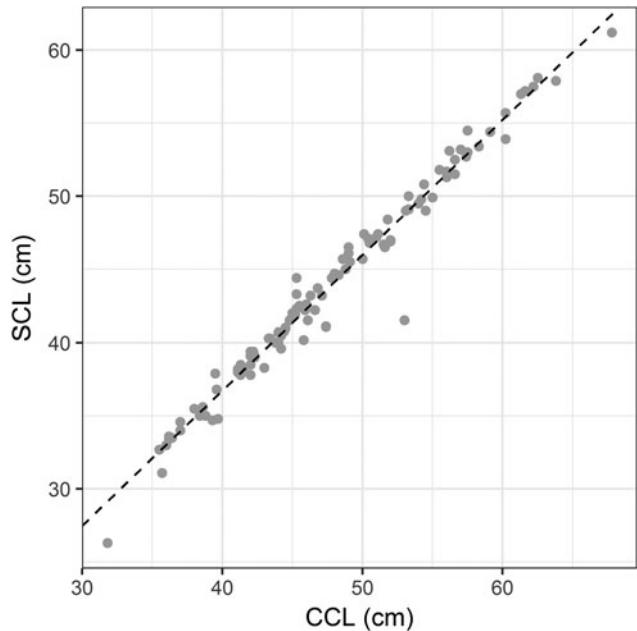


Fig. 2. Linear regression between curved carapace length (CCL) and straight carapace length (SCL) from green turtles studied along the Brazilian coast ($R^2 = 97.6\%$, $P < 0.0001$).

Reference

Rossi S, Sánchez-Sarmiento A, Santos R, Zamana R, Prioste F, Gattamorta M and ... Matushima E (2019) Monitoring green sea turtles in Brazilian feeding areas: relating body condition index to fibropapillomatosis prevalence. *Journal of the Marine Biological Association of the United Kingdom* **99**(8), 1879–1887.