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ECONOMIC HISTORY ASSOCIATION

Program for Annual Meeting, Sept. 19-21, 1974

COMPARATIVE ECONOMIC HISTORY: PROMISES AND PROBLEMS

Thursday, September 19, 2-5 p.m.

Panel Discussion: "What is comparative economic history, and how should it be done?"

Chairman: Henry Rosovsky, Harvard University

Allan G. Bogue, University of Wisconsin Alexander Gerschenkron, Harvard University Frederic C. Lane, The Johns Hopkins University Robert S. Lopez, Yale University Val R. Lorwin, University of Oregon Douglass C. North, University of Washington William N. Parker, Yale University

Thursday, September 19, 8 p.m.: Dissertation Session

Harry N. Scheiber, University of California, San Diego Richard E. Sylla, North Carolina State University (Conveners)

Friday, September 20, 9-12 a.m.

Comparison of Economic Systems

Audience participation invited.

Chairman: David S. Landes, Harvard University

"The Rise of Free Trade in Western Europe, 1820-1875"

C. P. Kindleberger, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

"Varieties of Unsuccessful Industrialization: The Balkan States before 1914"

John R. Lampe, University of Maryland

"Response Through Economic Challenge: A Comparative Economic History of China and India, 1870-1970"

Subramanian Swamy, Deendayal Research Institute, New Delhi

Wilfred Malenbaum, University of Pennsylvania Discussants: John P. McKay, University of Illinois

Friday, September 20, 2-5 p.m.

Imperialism in Comparative Perspective

Chairman: Albert Fishlow, University of California, Berkeley

"Economic Imperialism: The Case of the Gold Coast" Edward Reynolds, University of California, San Diego "The British in the Atacama Desert: The Cultural Bases of Economic Imperialism"

Michael Montéon, University of California, San Diego

Discussants: Tom E. Davis, Cornell University

Dennis M. P. McCarthy, Iowa State University

Saturday, September 21, 9-12 a.m.

Comparison of Monetary Systems and Regional Economies

Chairman: J. R. T. Hughes, Northwestern University

"Monetary Trends in the United States and the United Kingdom, 1880-1970"

Anna Jacobson Schwartz, N.B.E.R.

"Varieties of Banking and Regional Economic Development in the United States Prior to the Civil War"

Hugh Rockoff, Rutgers University

"Comparative Manufacturing Development in the Antebellum United States"

Fred Bateman and James D. Foust, University of Indiana, and Tom Weiss, University of Kansas

Discussants: Arnold Collery, Amherst College

Edward P. Duggan, Thomas More College George D. Green, University of Minnesota

Program Committee

Hugh G. J. Aitken, Amherst College Rondo Cameron, Emory University Paul M. Hohenberg, Sir George Williams University Val R. Lorwin, University of Oregon Harry N. Scheiber, University of California, San Diego Richard E. Sylla, North Carolina State University Peter Temin, Masachusetts Institute of Technology

The Dutch Rural Economy in the Golden Age, 1500-1700

Jan de Vries

The development of Dutch trade and commercial institutions has been well studied, but Jan de Vries examines for the first time the characteristics of rural Holland and its place in the entire economy. He offers conclusions about the role of peasant societies in economic development generally and about the relationships among the various sectors of the economy in a developing country. \$15.00

The Economics of Colonialism

Britain and Kenya, 1870-1930

Richard D. Wolff

Richard Wolff seeks to show that British policy in Kenya was a rational response to Britain's economic problems and opportunities and that Britain derived significant advantage from its imperial presence there. He points out the relevance of themes in Marxist literature in offering new insights into the effect of British colonial policy both on Kenya and on Britain itself. It is a fresh view of colonial history and of African history likely to cause scholars in these fields to revise some of their current assumptions and beliefs. \$9.75

The Transition in Open Dualistic Economies

.Theory and Southeast Asian Experience

Douglas S. Paauw and John C. H. Fei

This book combines a theory of transition growth with empirical application to four Southeast Asian countries: Taiwan, Malaysia, the Philippines, and Thailand. It deals specifically with the period of transition growth from 1950 to 1970, which marked the end of colonialism and perhaps the beginning of an era of modern economic growth.

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Authoritarian Brazil

Origins, Policies, and Future

Alfred Stepan, editor

The development model followed by the military regime that came to power in Brazil in 1964 is one of the most controversial among the less developed countries. The regime's authoritarian structure, combined with a GNP growth rate that is one of the highest in the world, raises extremely disturbing yet fundamental questions about the relation between political authoritarianism and economic dynamism. \$10.00

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