scene and circumstance and draws a noble profile. One could wish that he had insisted a little on Croce's detailed historical studies and on his literary criticism, which, outside Italy, have hardly yet had their meed of recognition.

SAUNDERS LEWIS

A READING OF GEORGE HERBERT. By Rosemond Tuve. (Faber; 25s.)

Scripture is to be interpreted by tradition, and though Herbert spent many hours in private meditation such as he describes in 'The Holy Scriptures', he was familiar with the traditional typology and wrote for a public to whom it was equally familiar. Professor Tuve sets out to show just how familiar he was and how much we by our ignorance miss, and this not only in meaning and association, but, as she rightly insists, in the 'tone' of Herbert's wit.

In the first part of the book she examines 'The Sacrifice', showing the compression of images well-known from liturgical sources and from Middle English poems of a similar kind, and the quality imparted to what was thus quite conventional by Herbert's own mind; in the second she assembles a number of typological themes to explain obscurities, restore lost associations and regularise distorted interpretations in various other poems. The evidence for the wide knowledge of this traditional interpretation of Scripture is taken from the illuminations in manuscripts, pictures from early block-books, and the windows of, for example, King's College Chapel, and many are reproduced as illustrations in the book. All this is excellent, and one can agree with Professor Tuve when she opposes those modern critics (she singles out Mr Empson by reason of his interpretation of 'The Sacrifice') who will not admit scholarship to have any contribution to make to aesthetic appreciation; her own last section on the two 'Jordan' poems, if nothing else, demonstrates how much it may. But one is less happy when she is reflecting on the nature of the images used by Herbert and their relevance to the contemporary mind; it is only at the end of the book that it is suggested that some of the symbols are meaningful outside a Christian context and some require that the context shall be learnt. However, this is a slight fault in a book which is both beautiful and enlightening, and which must certainly be read by anyone who is interested in George Herbert or in the metaphysical poets in general.

BENET WEATHERHEAD, O.P.

Vocation (Religious Life: II). (Blackfriars Publications; 10s. 6d.)
The first book in this series was Religious Sisters which sought
to diagnose the reasons for decline in religious vocations and to
make constructive suggestions with particular reference to the
training of Superiors and Novice Mistresses.