

EMISSION-LINE STARS IN THE OUTER PART OF THE ORION STAR-FORMING REGION

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1. INTRODUCTION

In a series of emission-line star survey programs we have conducted wide and deep survey observations for H_{α} emission stars in the Orion star-forming region. The first result for the Kiso area A-0904 ($5^{\circ} \times 5^{\circ}$, centered at $\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}40^{\text{m}}$ and $\delta = +0^{\circ}$) was presented in Paper I (Wiramihardja et al., 1989), followed by Paper II (Kogure et al., 1989) for the area A-0903 ($\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}20^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = -5^{\circ}$ and A-0976 ($\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}40^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = -5^{\circ}$). In Paper IV the results for the areas A-1047 ($\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}20^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = -10^{\circ}$ and A-1048 ($\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}40^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = -10^{\circ}$) are given.

Here we present a preliminary result obtained for the Kiso areas A-0831 ($\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}20^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = +5^{\circ}$, A-0832 ($\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}40^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = +5^{\circ}$), A-0833 ($\alpha = 6^{\text{h}}00^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = +5^{\circ}$, A-0902 ($\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}00^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = +0^{\circ}$), A - 0905 ($\alpha = 6^{\text{h}}40^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = +0^{\circ}$, and A-0974 ($\alpha = 5^{\text{h}}00^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = +5^{\circ}$), defined by us as the outer part of the Orion star-forming region.

2. OBSERVATIONS

For the whole works of objective-prism observations we used mainly the Kiso (105/150/330 cm) Schmidt telescope, and partly the CTIO Curtis (61/91/213 cm) Schmidt telescope, with dispersions of 700 \AA mm^{-1} at H_{α} , respectively. The plate-filter combinations were 103aE + RG610 for Kiso and IIIaF + RG630 for CTIO. However, for the present areas, the spectral observations were carried out by the Kiso Schmidt only. In all cases the direct-image plates were collected with the Kiso Schmidt telescope with

plate-filter combination of IIaD and GG495. All emulsions were hypersensitized by baking in forming gas before exposures.

3. RESULTS

More than 12 plates with exposure times between 10 and 120 minutes were inspected visually by magnifiers to detect H_{α} emission-line stars. The H_{α} emission strength relative to the adjacent continuum was estimated by eyes into five grades of 5 (very strong), 4 (strong), 3 (medium), 2 (weak) and 1 (very weak). In this way we could detect 4, 3, 6, 3, 12 and 20 H_{α} emission stars in the areas A-0831, A-0832, A-0833, A-0902, A-0905 and A-0974, respectively.

The celestial coordinates of the detected H_{α} emission stars were measured using the XY machine of the Kiso Observatory. More than 30 SAO stars were adopted as standard stars which give the accuracy better than $2''$ for each coordinate. Measurements of the V magnitudes were carried out with the iris photometer of Kiso Observatory, adopting the stars of Andrews (1981) as standards. The accuracy of the measurements is about 0.1 mag with the limiting magnitude around $V=17$.

The apparent magnitudes of the detected H_{α} emission stars are roughly from $V = 13$ to $V = 17$, as in previous papers, suggesting that they are probable candidates of T Tauri type stars, if we adopt a distance of 450 pc to Orion complex, and assume the interstellar absorption of $A_v \cong 1$ mag. For this outer part of the region, no trend of emission strength is seen. The values of surface densities of emission stars are 0.2, 0.1, 0.2, 0.1, 0.5 and 0.8 per square degrees, for areas A-0831, A-0832, A-0833, A-0902, A-0905 and A-0974, respectively. The outer part of the region with these small surface densities probably makes up the boundary of the Orion star-forming region.

The full-length paper is in preparation to be Paper V.

References

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