BECOME A LIFE MEMBER AND YOU'LL JOIN PRESTIGIOUS COMPANY



Become a Life Member of Fauna & Flora International to show an extraordinary commitment to an organisation that has been at the forefront of conservation for over 100 years.

Since its inception in 1903 as the world's first international conservation organisation Fauna & Flora International has been working tirelessly for the preservation of plants and animals across the world. For over 100 years Life Members have provided the support and commitment that has helped us to achieve so much, not least key achievements such as:

- Reintroducing the Arabian oryx to the wild
- Establishing the International Gorilla Conservation Programme
- Establishing Vietnam's first locally managed conservation organisation

Collaboration is key to our approach, and wherever possible we work with other global conservation organisations to ensure we are effective and efficient. That's why in 2015 we moved into the David Attenborough Building of the Cambridge Conservation Initiative with several other global conservation groups. Now we are asking you to be part of our wider collaborative work by becoming a Life Member.

As a Life Member you will receive Oryx—The International Journal of Conservation and our annual magazine Fauna & Flora, and you will also be invited to special events, where you can network with some of the world's leading conservationists. You will be joining a select group of supporters who have shown an extraordinary commitment to international conservation.

By joining Fauna & Flora International as a Life Member with a one-off payment of £1,500 you will be making a genuine difference to our conservation work and will forever be part of our global conservation organisation.



"I have been a member of Fauna & Flora International since the 1950s... investment in the work of FFI is truly an investment in the future of our planet"

Sir David Attenborough

To join as a Life Member, you can:

Call us on +44 (0)1223 749 019 Email us at members@fauna-flora.org Visit www.fauna-flora.org/life-membership





The International Journal of Conservation

Volume 58 · Number 5 September 2024

| 545 547 | Homo conservationensis, William M. Adams Bill Adams' scholarship has profoundly changed the way conservationists see the world, Julia P.G. Jones & E.J. Milner-Gulland | 650 | Reproductive populations of the Critically Endangered bat <i>Phyllonycteris aphylla</i> at two new locations in Jamaica, <i>P.J. Oelbaum, R.P. Hall, D.L. Whyte, R.S. Stewart, J. Pauel, S. Kouwenberg et al.</i> Multi-stakeholder identification and prioritization of human–tiger conflict reduction measures in Chitwan National Park, Nepal, <i>R. Dhungana</i> , <i>T. Maraseni</i> , | |
|------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| 549 555 | Briefly Conservation news | 655 | | |
| 565 576 | Plant conservation Cacti in distress: how to enhance ex situ conservation strategies through living collections, <i>T.M.H. de Almeida</i> , <i>D.R. Gonzaga & A.L. Peixoto</i> Rhododendron diversity conservation in global botanic | 664 | B.L. Allen, R.C. Kandel, P.N. Koirala, G. Pant & R. Ranabhat First insights into the spatio-temporal ecology of sympatric large carnivores in Niokolo-Koba National Park, Senegal, R. Horion, Z. Woodgate & M. Drouilly | |
| | gardens: a case study of Maddenia species, L. Hu, M. MacKay, S.E. Gardiner & J.A. Tate | 676 | Rediscovery of the Neotropical orchid <i>Porroglossum</i> | |
| 587 | Conservation biology of three threatened <i>Limonium</i> species endemic to Zakynthos Island (Ionian Islands, Greece), AT. Valli, C. Papaioannou, E. Liveri, V. Papasotiropoulos & P. Trigas | | parsonsii and recommendations for its conservation—CORRIGENDUM, E. Parra-Sanchez, J.S. Moreno, S. Vieira-Uribe, L. Baquero & D.P. Edwards | |
| 600 | Rediscovery of the waterlily <i>Nymphaea thermarum</i> Eb. Fisch. in Rwanda, <i>T. Abeli, S.M. Müller & S. Seidel</i> | 677 | Book reviews A beaver, eight bears and an extinct auk: | |
| 603 | Rediscovery of the Neotropical orchid Porroglossum | 077 | species books are back | |
| | parsonsii and recommendations for its conservation, E. Parra-Sanchez, J.S. Moreno, S. Vieira-Uribe, L. Baquero & D.P. Edwards | 679 | Hunt for the Shadow Wolf: The Lost History of Wolves in Britain and the Myths and Stories that Surround Them | |
| 607 | Lost and found: the rediscovery of the lost fern species Asplenium achalense (Aspleniaceae) and assessment of its conservation status, M. Arana, E. Natale & A. Oggero | 679 | Corporate Nature: An Insider's Ethnography of Global Conservation | |
| 611 | Conservation status of newly discovered subpopulations of two globally threatened tree species in the East Usambara Mountains, Tanzania, <i>H.J. Ndangalasi</i> | | | |
| 618 | & N.J. Cordeiro Comparing traditional and automated conservation assessments for Himalayan species of Buddleja, B. Gurung, G. Chen & J. Ge | of the R | Cover The wide-ranging plant conservation theme in this issue examines the diversity and optimization of the Cactaceae collection of the Rio de Janeiro Botanic Garden, Rhododendron diversity conservation in botanic gardens, the conservation biology of insular species in Greece and of a threatened medicinal species in China, the conservation status of rediscovered and newly discovered species in Rwanda, Colombia, Argentina and Tanzania, traditional and automated conservation assessments, and the potential influence of climate change on an Endangered | |
| 627 | Population age structure and conservation status of <i>Ferula sinkiangensis</i> (Apiaceae) in Xinjiang, | of insular species | | |
| 631 | China, T. Liu, Q. Cao, L. Yang, Z. Yang & W. Li Current conservation status and potential distribution under climate change of Michelia lacei, a Plant Species | and Tan | | |



Y. Liu, L. Cai & W. Sun

641

with Extremely Small Populations in Yunnan, China,

Exploring links between socio-ecological systems

and psychological distress: a case study in rural Uganda, T. Pienkowski, A. Keane, E. Kinyanda, B.L. Knizek, C. Asiimwe, G. Muhanguzi & E.J. Milner-Gulland





magnolia in China. The cover illustrates the cactus Echinopsis

calochlora, native to Bolivia and Brazil, flowering in the Rio de Janeiro Botanic Garden. For further details, see pp. 565–640.

(Photograph © Alexandre Machado)