

Dominance Theory. Project director: Helge Hveen.

Project develops theories on international dominance relationships. Case studies of technological transfers with special emphasis on material from Algeria and the activities of "consulting companies" will be included in the study.

The Economic Relationship between South Africa and Norway. Project director: Kjill Skjelsback.

"This study is a straightforward description of the rather modest economic ties between South Africa and Norway. The emphasis is on trade, as Norwegian investments in the *apartheid* state are negligible.

International Law and the Elimination of Dominance. Project director: Asbjorn Eide.

Project examines the role of international law in the elimination of dominance. The response of the UN to the conflict in southern Africa is taken as a test case.

IN MEMORIAM

MICHAEL DEI-ANANG
1909-1978

Michael Dei-Anang, Professor of History and African Studies, State University College, Brockport, died suddenly of a heart attack on June 10, 1978 at his home in Brockport, New York. The following tribute by SUC/Brockport President Albert Brown was given at a memorial service for Professor Dei-Anang on June 15, 1978.

Once in a while our lives are touched by someone who is truly great. Such a person was Michael Dei-Anang to whom we, his friends, admirers, and colleagues, pay tribute today.

A revered public servant, a teacher, a poet, a playwright, but above all, a sensitive, warm human being with a tremendous and unflinching dedication to a philosophy of justice and the improvement of the human condition. He was knowledgeable of and sensitive to all mankind, whether in Ghana, West Africa, Europe, Asia, Brockport, or elsewhere in the United States.

To truly know Michael, one had to see him in the Ghana he had known and loved for nearly seven decades and where he had served so many so well for so long. In Tema, Accra, or along a dusty road to Kumasi, his car had to but stop when eyes would recognize him and a crowd of friends and well-wishers would gather at once. For those too young to know him personally, he had only to look in their faces and ask their name to relate to their home towns, friends, and relations, many of whom Michael had benefacted in some way over the years. Had Michael been able to return to his beloved Ghana and the village of Monpong, where his technical school dream is already becoming a reality, his role in a new Ghana under a constitutional government would have undoubtedly been great and continued memorable.

None of us know the number of days or the precise purposes for which we are given a chance to serve on this earth. To have known Michael and to have worked with him has enriched each of our lives and elevated our thoughts of each other and the philosophy which affects our daily actions. We are grateful for this opportunity, though all too brief, of having witnessed his greatness and felt his friendship.

Albert W. Brown
President
State University College at Brockport