**S44** Workshop

patients in the app, and the satisfaction of patients will be presented. We also aim to study whether the Start Progamme is effective in reducing severity of ADHD symptoms. Super Brains can be adjusted for use in patients with other (neurodevelopmental) disorders easily.

Disclosure: No significant relationships.

Keywords: adhd; experience experts; digital treatment; waitinglist

#### W0003

# Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on General Hospital Physicians Work and Mental Health: An **International Cross Sectional Study**

D. Telles Correia<sup>1</sup>\*, F. Novais<sup>2</sup> and G. Mattei<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>FACULDADE DE MEDICINA UNIVERSIDADE DE LISBOA, Psychiatry, Lisboa, Portugal; <sup>2</sup>Lisbon University, Faculty Of Medicine, Lisbon, Portugal and <sup>3</sup>Modena University, Psychiatry, Modena, Italy \*Corresponding author.

doi: 10.1192/j.eurpsy.2022.149

COVID-19 pandemic had an important impact in mental health across all countries and populations. However, health care professionals, particularly those in the front line have been subjected to increased levels of stress, workload, deterioration of work environment and working conditions while potentially being afraid of contracting the infection themselves or infecting love ones due to the higher risk of contagion when dealing with infected patients. Some studies have stressed out this impact showing increased levels of burnout, depression, hopelessness, stress and post-traumatic stress in all physicians however, the impact of the pandemic may have been different depending on the specialty. We intended to study the impact of COVID-19 pandemic for doctors working at general hospitals and liaison psychiatrists dealing with COVID-19 patients in Europe. We developed and applied online questionnaires to physicians working at general hospitals and psychiatrists working at liaison services, in different European countries (Portugal, Italy, Belgium, Greece, Poland, Croatia), in order to determine what were their working conditions and it they reported mental health symptoms during the pandemic. This questionnaire included demographic data, questions about working conditions when dealing with general and COVID patients and the Hospital Anxiety and Depression scale (HADS). It was distributed thought email and social media platforms used by doctors. This work has been approved by each local Ethics committee and all participants signed an informed consent.

Disclosure: No significant relationships.

Keywords: COVID-19; Psychiatrists; General Physician; Mental

Health

### Clinical/Therapeutic

# Adolescence, Immigration, and Culture: Challenges and Strategies for Effective Care

### W0004

### Mental Health of Unaccompanied Immigrant Youth

N. Morales\*, F. Collazos and A. Qureshi

Hospital Universitari Vall d'Hebron, Department For Psychiatry, Barcelona, Spain

\*Corresponding author. doi: 10.1192/j.eurpsy.2022.150

The number of UMY in Spain is increasing, since the early 1990s, mostly coming from the Maghreb, although the number of those coming from different sub-Saharan African countries has gradually increased. Most of them leave their countries fleeing poverty, violence, and in search of better opportunities. They may be influenced by traumatic experiences and social stressors that can lead to emotional distress and mental health problems. They have particular needs and characteristics, so the local Child Protection Systems need to adapt their procedures to facilitate the youngsters' social Integration and psychosocial development. This presentation will describe an ongoing project being carried out in Catalonia, the main objective is to guarantee the right to mental health of UMY in the Protection System through culturally competent biopsychosocial care, and to effectively coordinate care between the public mental health network and the Child Protection System. Finally, through training and the acquisition of competencies, the aim is to avoid burnout in professionals who care for these youths on the front line. The approach is consistent with the cultural consultation models developed in Montreal and London with the goal of providing structural support for localized and culturally competent responses. This project, to be developed over two years, has four main subprojects: 1. On-line training for professionals in "Cultural competence in mental health and psychosocial intervention". 2. Training of "peer" UMY as "Community Mental Health Agents". 3. Creation and implementation of multidisciplinary groups of psychosocial intervention. 4. Culturally competent psychiatric and psychological assessment.

Disclosure: No significant relationships.

Keywords: Unaccompanied; Migrant; Mental; health

#### W0005

# Peer Counseling in a Community Based Intervention for Unaccompanied Immigrant Youth

A. Qureshi<sup>1</sup>\*, N. Morales<sup>2</sup> and F. Collazos<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Hospital Universitari Vall d'Hebron, Psychiatry, Barcelona, Spain and <sup>2</sup>Hospital Universitari Vall d'Hebron, Psychiatry Department, Barcelona, Spain

\*Corresponding author.

doi: 10.1192/j.eurpsy.2022.151

Abstract Body: Uaccompanied migrant youth represent an at-risk population given the complexity of negotiating adolescence in a new culture, isolated from family and friends, without a secure base