

# The Enhancement of BAO in the SDSS MGS

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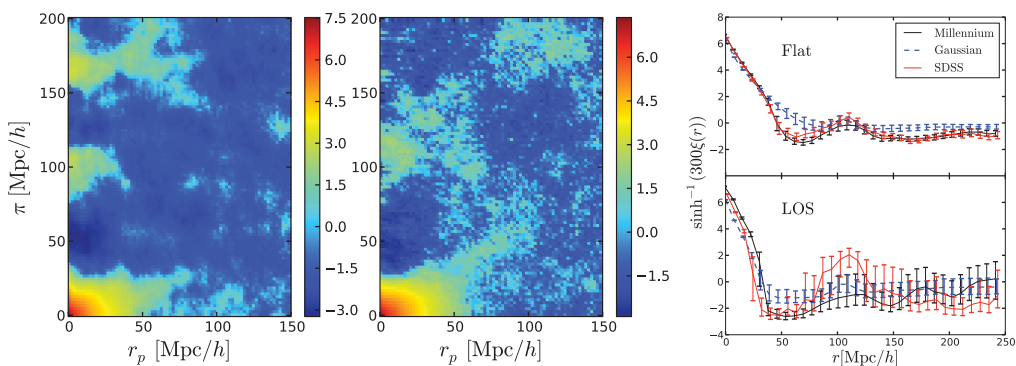
**Abstract.** We show that redshift-space distortions of galaxy correlations have a strong effect on correlation functions with the signature of the Baryon Acoustic Oscillations (BAO). Near the line of sight, the features become sharper as a result of redshift-space distortions. We analyze the SDSS DR7 main-galaxy sample (MGS), splitting the sample into slices 2.5 deg on the sky in various rotations. Measuring 2D correlation functions in each slice, we do see a sharp bump along the line of sight. Using Mexican-hat wavelets, we localize it to  $(110 \pm 10) h^{-1}$  Mpc and estimate its significance at about  $4\sigma$ .

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## 1. BAO in the SDSS MGS

BAO has been typically characterized by the observations (Eisenstein *et al.* 2005, Cole *et al.* 2005). Correlation functions of lower-dimensional subsets for a homogeneous isotropic random field are identical to the one estimated from the full 3-dimensional one.

We build a sample of SDSS DR7 MGS (Strauss *et al.* 2002) galaxies, and analyze the LOS and 2D correlation functions (Fig. 1) using thus a methodology: we subdivide the sample into many 2.5 deg on the sky in various rotations slices, compute the 2D redshift space correlation function and calculate the average (Tian *et al.* 2011).



**Figure 1.** The 2-D and 1-D correlation functions. The left panel is measured from the  $100 - 750 h^{-1}$  Mpc full SDSS MGS sample, and the middle is from the  $300 - 750 h^{-1}$  Mpc high- $z$  sample (excluding the **Sloan Great Wall**, which alters clustering statistics substantially). The right-top panel shows the  $\xi$  averaged uniformly over angle from the simulations and the high- $z$  SDSS sample, and the right-bottom uses only data within 6 deg of the LOS.

## References

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 Cole, S. *et al.* 2005, *MNRAS*, 362, 505  
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