

THE STUDY OF PRECEDENT CHILD ABUSE'S RELATION WITH MISUSE OF SUBSTANCES IN ADULTHOOD

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Introduction: Child abuse is one of the important problems all over the world.

Objectives: The purpose of this research is study of the effect of child abuse on misuse of substances in adulthood.

Aim: The examinees of this research are persons that were engaged to misuse of substances.

Methods: The examinees that have conditions according to DSM-IV and international diagnostic interview (CLDL) organization of therapeutic services title of aim groups in individuals and groups form were selected. For normal study of scores distribution of Colomugro of Smirnouf for study of relationship between researches variables of Pearsonian and for comparison and for comparison between groups of Levins test analysis variance test.

Results: The results of the investigation show that $P < 0.036$ and $r = 0.617$ in arrangement : affective child abuse: $P < 0.029$, $r = 0.669$ neglect child abuse : $P < 0.045$ and $r = 0.587$ physical child abuse: $P < 0.022$ and $r = 0.694$ sexual child abuse $P < 0.012$ and $r = 0.797$). Also the results of this research show that the relationship between child abuse and time of substances use was $P < 0.043$ and $r = 0.555$ in arrangement: affective child abuse : $P < 0.046$ and $r = 0.521$, neglect child abuse : $P < 0.027$ and $r = 0.681$ physical child abuse , $P < 0.041$ and $r = 0.575$ sexual child abuse : $p < 0.032$ and $r = 0.634$ only between sexual child abuse and species of substances was meaningful ($P < 0.000$) in sum.

Conclusion: The results of this research show that the existence of precedents child abuse is important cases that individuals in adulthood inclined to the addiction.