

Appendix: Feynman rules for QCD

Propagators:

Gluon propagator (Feynman gauge):

$$\begin{array}{c} \mu \\ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ \text{a} \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{b} \end{array} \xrightarrow{k} \begin{array}{c} \nu \\ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ \text{b} \end{array} \quad -i\delta_{ab}g_{\mu\nu}/(k^2 + i\epsilon)$$

(Massless) fermion propagator:

$$\begin{array}{c} \beta \\ \text{i} \end{array} \xrightarrow{k} \begin{array}{c} \alpha \\ \text{j} \end{array} \quad i\delta_{ij}(\gamma \cdot k)_{\alpha\beta}/(k^2 + i\epsilon)$$

(Massless) scalar propagator:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{i} \end{array} \xrightarrow{k} \begin{array}{c} \text{j} \end{array} \quad i\delta_{ij}/(k^2 + i\epsilon)$$

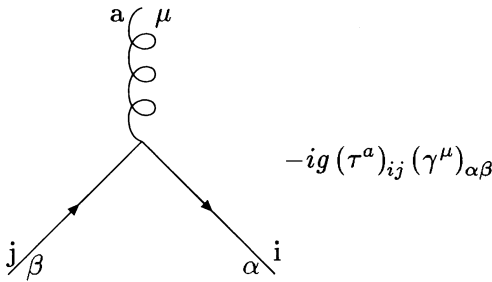
Vertices: (momenta are always outgoing)

Scalar–gluon interactions:

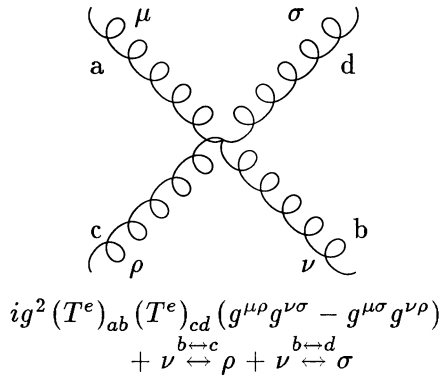
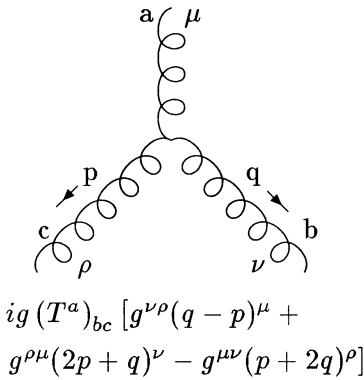
$$-ig(\tau^a)_{ij}(q-p)^\mu$$

$$ig^2g^{\mu\nu}(\tau^a\tau^b + \tau^b\tau^a)_{ij}$$

Fermion–gluon interaction:



Gluon self-interactions:



The gauge coupling constant is g ($\alpha_s = g^2/4\pi$).

The matrices $(\tau^a)_{ij}$ are the matrices of the colour group in the representation of the quarks or colour scalar particles.

The matrices $(T^a)_{bc} = -if_{abc}$ are the colour matrices in the adjoint representation and f_{abc} are the structure constants of the colour group.

In addition there is a further factor of $-i$ accompanying each amplitude so that it is an element of the T -matrix rather than the S -matrix ($S = \mathbb{1} + iT$).