

applications of the subject. In view of the current "great debate" the work of MEI is perhaps of greater relevance than ever before.

Yours sincerely,
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[Could a member of the MEI team be persuaded to expand the first paragraph of this letter in an article, with some actual examples and an account of the candidates' response? D.A.Q.]

The use of vectors in mechanics

DEAR EDITOR,

In his note 61.12 in the June 1977 *Gazette* Dr Collinson points out that it is for the inverse square law alone that his equation (3) is integrable. This is the same as equation (4) on p. 236 of E. A. Milne's *Vectorial mechanics* (Methuen 1948). Put in Milne's form

$$\frac{d}{dt} (\mathbf{h} \wedge m\dot{\mathbf{r}}) = mr^2 F(r) \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\mathbf{r}}{r} \right),$$

the result is immediate. Milne attributes this to Hamilton, and the reference is given by Dr Collinson in a previous article in the *I.M.A. Bulletin* 9, 377-8 (1973) as well as references to Runge and Lenz, but not to Milne and Chapman or indeed Weatherburn. Milne had clearly translated Hamilton's version in quaternions as given in *Proc. R. Ir. Acad.* 3, xxxix (1846).

As I remember, and as Milne states in the preface to his book, he and Chapman were strongly advocating the use of vectors and tensors in *Mechanics* in the 1920s. It was unfortunate that, owing to other work, the publication of the book was delayed. It was to have been a joint work with Chapman who (the story went) once said that it must be written even if Milne had to write it all; this was in fact what happened, but long before this Hartree, who succeeded Milne at Manchester in 1929, showed these methods to me and we used them in our lectures. In particular, Milne laid emphasis on the power of the vector product (it gets rid of any vector you don't want) and on the interpretation of the first integral of the motion.

I should like to draw attention to two references in the *Gazette*:

- (1) D. R. Hartree, S. Chapman, E. A. Milne, 20, 272 (1936). (A letter on vector notation.

I regret that their recommendation of \wedge instead of \times has not been more generally adopted.)

- (2) Volume 23, which abounds in proofs of the formula for the triple vector product.

Here I cannot help feeling that the suffix notation has the edge on vectors.

I believe that Milne's book is, regrettably, out of print. There is a well used copy in the library of this College.

Yours faithfully,
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"Leonardo of Pisa was also associated with the Rabbitt Breeding problem." (Our correspondent adds that this is thought by scholars to be an early form of the Ham Sandwich Theorem.)

"The text of the Chou-Pei clearly infers that geometry arises from menstruation." Extracts gleaned from a B.Sc. finals History of Mathematics script (per Geoffrey Howson).